









I - Europe above Asia & North America; II - Europe below North America & Asia; III - Europe below North America & above Asia



Innovation drives competitiveness and benefits from global markets

- EU share in manufacturing global value chain income has declined by > 23 % since 1995. Innovation would contribute to reversing this trend.
- Strong, competitive and longer value chains are key to the EU's competitiveness and job-creation.
- Partnerships are essential for EU leadership in globally competitive technology sectors and contribute to meeting the EU objective of 20% of GDP coming from manufacturing by 2020.

